13. Storm inlets shall be spaced in such a manner as to accept one hundred (100) percent of the design storm runoff.

14. Wet detention ponds shall be eight (8) feet minimum to twelve (12) feet maximum depth below the design low or normal water stage.

15. Maximum distances between inlets and/or junction boxes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pipes Size (Inches)</th>
<th>Length of Run (Feet)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24 or greater</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

16. All swales, ditches, and dry retention pond side slopes shall be no steeper that 4:1 (H:V) and shall be sodded.

17. All retention pond backslopes shall be no steeper than 3:1 (H:V) and shall be sodded.

18. Normal roadside swales shall be constructed to a maximum depth of 18” below the outside edge of pavement or concrete curb.

19. Concrete erosion control must be provided where swales or culverts intercept drainage ditches.

20. A minimum one foot (1”) freeboard above the design high water elevation is required at all points around wet retention ponds.

21. A minimum six inch (6”) freeboard above the design high water elevation is required at all points around dry retention ponds.

22. Pond inflow shall generally be constructed with reinforced concrete and shall be subject to the approval of the City.

23. Outlet structures are required on all ponds. All outlet structures shall be permanent concrete overflow weirs or concrete outlet control structures. No sodded weirs or other non-permanent overflow structures shall be allowed.

24. Soil erosion control measures satisfactory to the City, shall be employed during construction and upon completion of the pond.

25. The City may request that the developer submit a report by a qualified hydrologist on the impact the pond will have on neighboring water table elevations both during construction and after pond completion. The City may require groundwater monitoring during the pond excavation.